The following guideline recommends specific treatment interventions for childhood overweight and obesity.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Eligible Population</th>
<th>Key Components</th>
<th>Recommendation and Level of Evidence</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
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</table>
| Children 2 years or older with a BMI ≥ 85th percentile                            | Identify presence of weight-related risk factors and complications              | **Reinforce Prevention Recommendations** *(See MQIC Prevention and Identification of Childhood Overweight Guideline)*  
**History and physical exam [D]:**  
- Pulse and blood pressure, using appropriate technique and cuff size for age.  
- Family history, patient or parental concern about weight, dietary patterns (e.g. frequency of eating outside the home, consumption of breakfast, adequate fruits and vegetables, excessive portion sizes, etc.), physical activity level, sleep patterns, and history of medication use including nutritional supplements.  
- Symptoms of diabetes, hypothyroidism, digestive disorders, gallbladder disease, obstructive sleep disorders, weight-related orthopedic problems, depression and anxiety, or other mental health concerns, etc.  
- Be alert to secondary causes of obesity and consider genetic, endogenous, or syndrome-associated causes of obesity.  
**Reinforce lifestyle and behavior modifications [D]:**  
- Focus on slowing the child's rate of weight gain and maintaining or lowering their BMI percentile.  
- Family must recognize the problem and be actively engaged in the treatment.  
- Small, gradual lifestyle changes are recommended.  
- Promote healthy diet and lifestyle with focus on 5-2-1-0: 5 or more fruits and vegetables, 2 hours or less recreational screen time, 1 hour or more physical activity, 0 sugar-containing drinks daily.  
- Monitor for the development of risk factors or complications.  
**Primary goal of childhood weight interventions is regulation of body weight and fat with adequate nutrition for growth and development.**  
**Treat risk factors and complications as needed.**  
**Substantial slowing of weight gain may be achieved by relatively small but consistent changes in energy (200-500 kcal/day) intake, expenditure or both. If weight loss is desired, an appropriate starting goal is about 1 lb. of weight loss per month.**  
**Consider a moderate- to high-intensity multidisciplinary approach in the treatment of childhood obesity.**  
**Testing:** AST, ALT, and fasting glucose level every two years for children > 10 years of age; consider lipid screening. | Each periodic health exam, more frequently as case requires |
| Children 2 years or older with a BMI ≥ 85th-94th percentile with risk factors or complications | Lifestyle intervention with treatment of risk factors and complications as needed | **All of the above, plus:**  
- Primary goal of childhood weight interventions is regulation of body weight and fat with adequate nutrition for growth and development.  
- Treat risk factors and complications as needed.  
- Substantial slowing of weight gain may be achieved by relatively small but consistent changes in energy (200-500 kcal/day) intake, expenditure or both. If weight loss is desired, an appropriate starting goal is about 1 lb. of weight loss per month.  
- Consider a moderate- to high-intensity multidisciplinary approach in the treatment of childhood obesity.  
**Testing:** AST, ALT, and fasting glucose level every two years for children > 10 years of age; consider lipid screening. | Consider management of childhood obesity as a long-term intervention |
| Children 2 years or older with BMI ≥ 95th percentile (obese) with or without risk factors or complications | Weight loss with concomitant treatment of risk factors and complications as needed | **All of the above, plus:**  
- If available, offer obese children and adolescents ages 6-18 a comprehensive, intensive behavioral intervention to promote improvement in weight status.  
- Long-term goal should be a body mass index below 85th percentile for age and sex.  
- Consider counseling and psychological services. | |